1 Fill in the names of the stylistic devices that fit the corresponding descriptions and examples.

/7

Stylistic device	Description	Example(s)
	repetition of a sound at the beginning of neighbouring words	<b>f</b> un <b>f</b> act, <b>w</b> eak and <b>w</b> eary, <b>l</b> ive <b>l</b> ove <b>l</b> augh
	expression of meaning by using language that typically means the opposite	<b>Well done!</b> Now you broke it.
	direct comparison of two different things without using the words <i>as</i> or <i>like</i>	He's a <b>couch potato</b>
	form of parallelism which repeats the same word(s) at the beginning of neighbouring sentences	Come in, I say. Come in and eat with us.
	technique of representing animals or objects as if they were (like) human beings	The <b>city</b> never <b>sleeps</b> .
	a question to which the answer seems obvious and is therefore not necessary	Do birds fly?
	statement in which the true magnitude of an idea or event is presented as less valua- ble or important than it actually is	Global warming is <b>a bit of</b> a problem.

Match the following stylist	ic devices and descriptions.		/7
onomatopoeia	a) strong exaggeration used for serious or comedic effect		
hyperbole	b) use of a word which may be understood in multiple diffe-		
synechdoche	rent ways		
wordplay/pun	c) listing of words, phrases or ideas		
oxymoron	d) apparently contradictory terms appearing together		
simile	e) comparison using the words	as or like	
enumeration	f) a part representing the whole or vice versa		
enameration	g) use of a word that imitates the sound it refers to		
3 Write down two examples each for the following stylistic devices.		/6	
a) onomatopoeia			
b) personification			
c) parallelism			
		Punkte:	20